

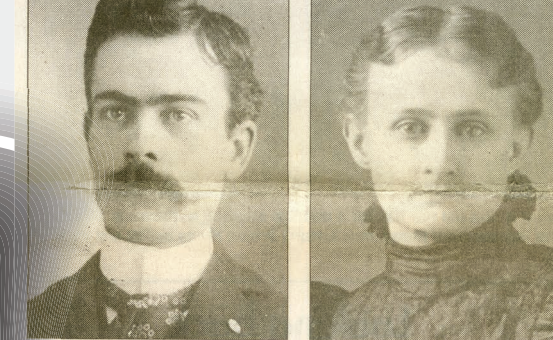
120 Year ANNIVERSARY

MINI Kinney MUSEUM

1870



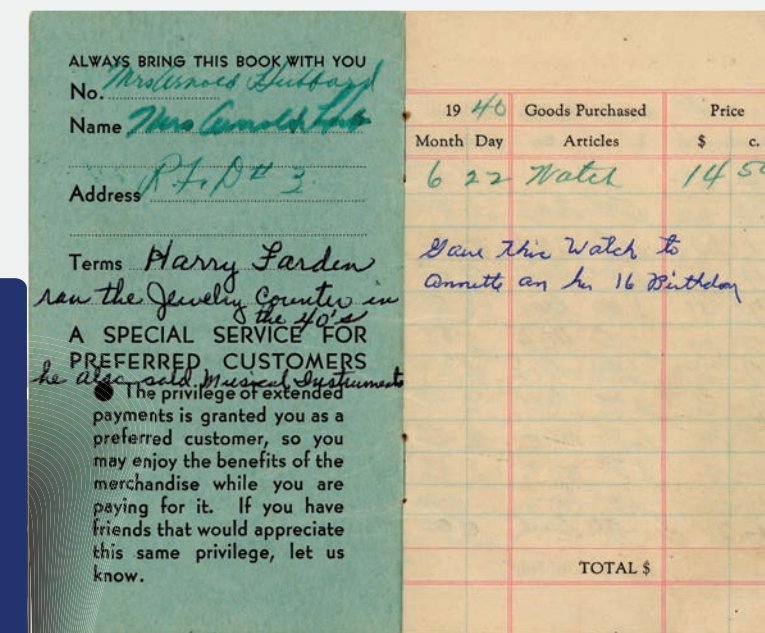
Young Kinney Baker with his grandparents at Trout Lake with grand- parents Orin and Electa Kinney, 1875.



B.O. Kinney and wife Kathleen, better known as 1910s.

1873: Burton Orin Kinney was born in Gouverneur, NY on September 12, 1873, son of Orin and Electa Bigness Kinney. He graduated from the Gouverneur Wesleyan Seminary and was a noted athlete in baseball and skating.
1876: Alexander Graham Bell invented the telephone.
1879: Thomas Edison invented the lightbulb.

1890



1892: B.O. worked for a local factory store before joining Dewey & Perrin Drug Store as a clerk for \$3.00 a week.
1895: Auguste and Louis Lumiere debuted the first picture show. Wilhelm Roentgen discovered X-rays.
1895: B.O. married Kathleen Draper Kinney, and they had a son, Harold D. Walter Perrin sent B.O. to Albany School of Pharmacy.
1899: Scientists at Bayer developed aspirin.

1910



The B.O. Kinney store in 1911. (Photo courtesy of Harold Kinney).

1912: The Titanic luxury ocean liner sank.
1913: The U.S. introduced personal income tax.
1914: The first traffic light was installed in the U.S.
1915: Electric lights were installed in B.O. Kinney's store and the monthly bill came to \$15.00.
1917: Jacob Schick developed the electric razor. The U.S. entered World War I.
1918: Harold Kinney, known as the "boy", worked for his father part-time from 1912-1914 when he graduated from high school. He graduated from Cornell University as a chemist and served with the Army until the armistice. Harold Kinney joined his father's company and thereafter served as Executive Vice President and Treasurer for the next 32 years.
1919: Prohibition began in the U.S.

1930



1930: Astronomer Clyde Tombaugh discovered the planet Pluto. Clarence Birdseye first marketed frozen food to the public.
1930: B.O. Kinney was persuaded to install a soda fountain and lunch area. A 2-gallon freezer was used to make the Kinney ice cream.
1931: The Empire State Building was completed.
1932: Amelia Earhart became the first woman to fly solo across the Atlantic.
1933: Prohibition was repealed in the U.S.
1937: M. Stanley Paupers joined B.O. Kinney. He held several positions in the company before becoming President in 1970. He remained President until his retirement in 1976. Edward I. Moses also joined the company in 1937. He served as President from 1976-1978. He retired in 1978 due to ill health.
1938: Scientists at DuPont developed nylon.

1950



1950: The U.S. entered the Korean War. Diners Club introduced the first modern credit card.
1950: In the 50s, shopping centers (strip centers) came to the north country, and Ogdensburg, NY had the first such store.
1951: The first commercial computer was sold, known as UNIVAC 1. The first color television was introduced.
1952: Dr. Jonas Salk developed a vaccine for polio. Car seat belts were first introduced.
1953: James Watson and Francis Crick discovered the structure of DNA.
February 15, 1953: Kinney's seven stores closed so every employee, along with their spouse, could attend the 50th anniversary party at the Gouverneur Masonic Lodge. Shopping centers in Massena, Watertown, Potsdam and Malone all added the Kinney sign as the decade of the 60s opened. Latest of the 30 outlets was Saranac Lake, NY which began business in April, 1988.
1957: The Russian Sputnik I became the first man-made satellite in space.
1958: The first silicon chip was developed by Jack Kilby at Texas Instruments.

1970



1970: The first Kinney Drug Store in Vermont opened in St. Albans.
1974: Barcode was developed for pricing products in stores.
1977: The Star Wars movie was released.
1978: The first in-vitro fertilized baby was born.
1978: Norton W. Taylor named Kinney President. The Kinney Warehouse building was enlarged to 70,000 sq. ft. November 15, 1978 Kinney Drugs celebrates 75 years in business.

1990

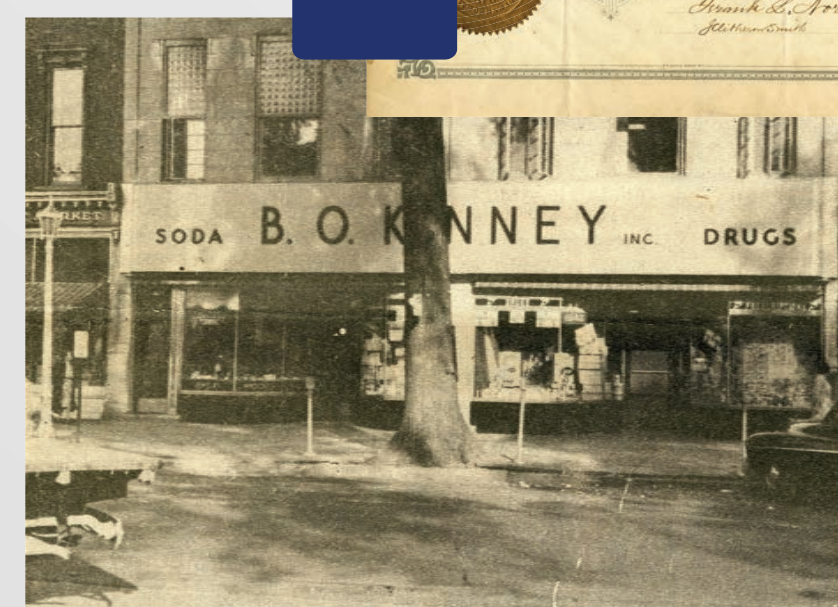
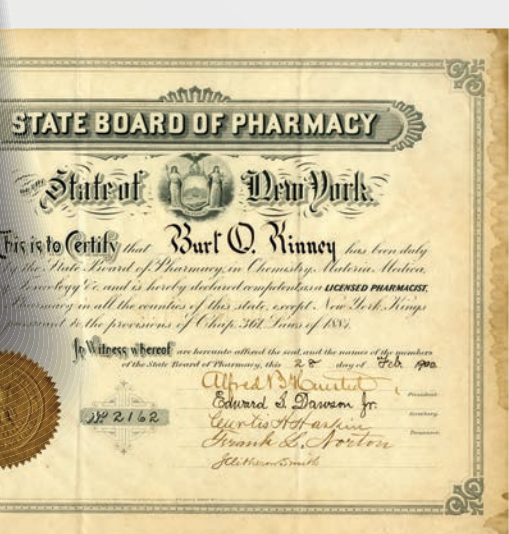
June 1991: The first Annual Kinney Drugs Children's Charity Event was held to raise money for the Children's Miracle Network.
1991: Richard A. Cognetti became Kinney President.
1991: The U.S. launched Operation Desert Storm.
1996: Dolly the sheep was cloned.
1997: New Kinney training center and mock store developed.
1998: The drug Viagra entered the marketplace.
1998-1999: Kinney Drugs introduced eRxfill System, allowing customers to phone in their prescription refills to their local Kinney store. This system was later implemented on the Kinney Drugs website, www.kinneydrugs.com.
1998: Opening of Health Direct Pharmacy Services.
1999: ProAct Pharmacy Services, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Kinney Drugs, Inc. was formed. ProAct is a pharmacy benefits management company.
1999: The world braced for the Y2K bug.

2010

2013: Opening of Noble Health Services.
2014: Kinney Drugs, ProAct, Noble & Health Direct Re-Branded as KPH Healthcare Services, Inc.
2014: Bridget-Ann Hart named President and Chief Executive Officer of KPH Healthcare Services, Inc.
2014: Jim Spencer named President of Kinney Drugs.
2016: Kinney Drugs named #1 pharmacy in the nation for patient medication adherence by Caremark.
2016: Kinney Drugs named #1 fundraising company in the nation for Wear Red Day by the American Heart Association.
2017: Kinney Drugs again named #1 pharmacy in the nation for patient medication adherence by Caremark.
2017: New state-of-the-art Central Fill Facility Opened.
2017: Full Kinney Drugs chain roll out of the LOC POS Systems.
2018: Kinney Drugs Launches the Thrive Rewards Program.

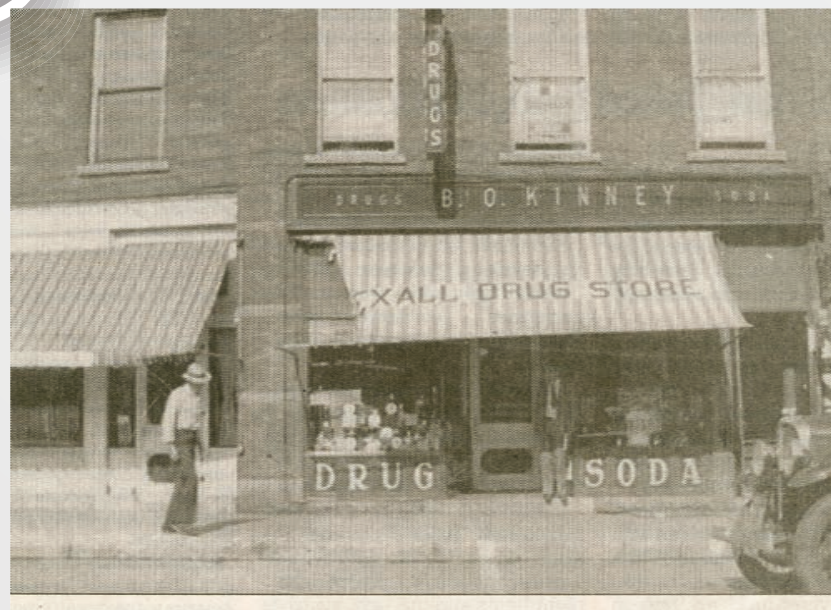
1880

1882: Robert Koch proved the germ theory of disease.
1883: The Brooklyn Bridge was opened.
1886: Atlanta druggist John Pemberton developed the formula for Coca-Cola.
1888: George Eastman developed the first hand-held Kodak camera.



1900

1901: Guglielmo Marconi sent the first wireless radio wave across the Atlantic. King Camp Gillette developed the safety razor.
1901: Two years later, B.O. had mastered knowledge of the drugs of that day and he graduated. He clerked another two years before determining he could run his own business.
1902: Willis H. Carrier developed the first system to control a room's temperature and humidity - air conditioning.
1903: The Wright Brothers' Wright Flyer made the first successful flight at Kitty Hawk, NC.
1903: Baseball held the first World Series.
1903: On September 30, 1903 B.O. Kinney purchased the A.W. Dewey Drug Business. Inventory cost just over \$6,000 and average prices ranged from \$0.35 to \$0.70 each. On his first day of business he recorded \$157.90 in sales.
1904: New York City opened the subway.
1904: B.O. filled an average of 500 prescriptions per month, and became one of the first 50 pharmacists in the nation to accept the Rexall agency plan. Soon to become famous was the Rexall One Cent Sale, an event where the shopper buys an item at the price marked and receives a second for \$0.01.
1908: Henry Ford introduced the Model T automobile.



Kinney Drugs store, on Main Street in Gouverneur, opened in 1903.

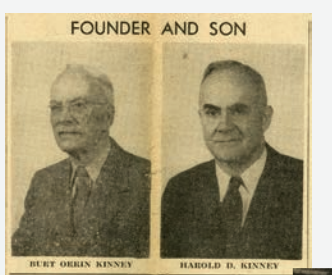
1920



1920: The U.S. granted women the right to vote.
1922: Frederick Grant Banting and Charles Herbert Best discovered insulin.
1925: A vision of expansion came from Harold D. Kinney over the next several years, as a single store expanded into additional New York stores in Massena, Adams, Carthage, Pulaski and Watertown. B.O. Kinney contributed much of his energy to local projects and endeared himself to his home community. He worked to help organize the former VanDuzee Hospital on William Street. He was on the Board of Directors of the Edward John Noble Hospital in Gouverneur, a trustee on the village board, and a director of Gouverneur Savings and Loan Association.
1927: Charles Lindbergh completed the first solo nonstop trans-Atlantic flight. The first talking movie The Jazz Singer was shown.
1928: General Electric's Ernst F.W. Alexanderson demonstrated the first television broadcast. Walt Disney released the first Mickey Mouse cartoon. Bubble gum was invented by Walter E. Diemer. Alexander Fleming discovered penicillin.
1928: B.O. Kinney incorporated to B.O. Kinney, Inc.
1929: George D. Burgess joined B.O. Kinney. He served the company in many capacities throughout his career, from store manager to president, then Chairman of the board, 110 employees and their predecessors contributed to the progress and development of the company with their devotion to the Kinney policy of service and integrity.

1940

1941: The U.S. entered World War II.
1945: The microwave oven was invented by Dr. Percy Spencer.
1946: A Kinney ice cream plant was built in back of the original store. Here, larger quantities - 75,000 gallons a year - and many flavors of ice cream were made until 1965.
1947: The transistor was invented at Bell Labs in New Jersey.
1948: Babe Ruth retired from baseball. Velcro was invented by George de Mestral.



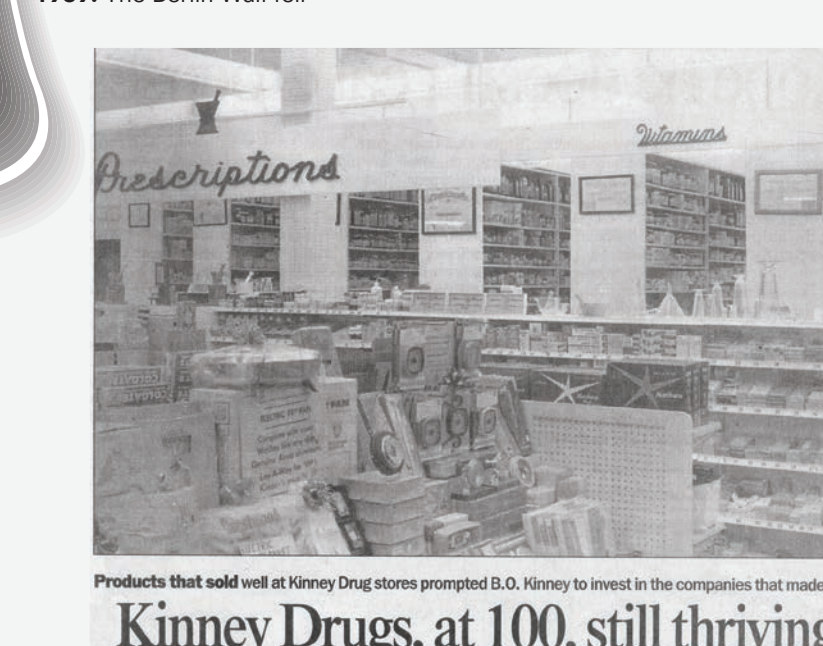
1949: B.O. Kinney was presented with a gold bottle by Wilson Dilmore, Rexall CO., commemorating filling of 2-millionth prescription by B.O. Kinney Drugs. Kinney celebrated his 60th anniversary and the addition of five new Kinney stores located in shopping centers.
1964: The U.S. entered the Vietnam War.
1967: George D. Burgess named Kinney President.
1967: Dr. Christian Bernard performed the first heart transplant.
1969: Neil Armstrong became the first man to walk on the moon.

1960

1960: Harold D. Kinney became Kinney President.
1961: East Germany built the Berlin Wall.
1961: Kinney obtained its own wholesale subsidiary to supply the stores' ever-growing lines of product. It later became known as Kinney Wholesale. Demand of Kinney's outlets was soon adequate to support the mass-purchasing operation and outside stores were gradually dropped. The original warehouse was built at 520 E. Main St. in Gouverneur, NY. Immense in its day - 35,200 sq. ft.
1963: Dr. Martin Luther King delivered his "I Have a Dream" speech in Washington D.C.
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1980

1981: NASA first launched the Space Shuttle. IBM introduced the IBM PC. The AIDS virus was identified.
1981: 30,000 sq. ft. were added to the existing 75,000 sq. ft. warehouse, and included three loading docks. This expansion would allow the company to serve the twenty-three Kinney Stores in the northeast and Vermont. Four construction projects later enlarged it to 135,000 sq. ft.
1982: Dr. Robert Jarvik developed the first artificial heart.
1982: Kinney Drugs, Inc. opened Nursing Homes Services Division of the retail drugstore chain.
1985: The wreck of the Titan was found.
1986: John M. Burgess named Kinney President.
1989: The Berlin Wall fell.



Products that sold out at Kinney Drug stores prompted B.O. Kinney to invest in the computer that made them Kinney Drugs, at 100, still thriving

2000

2000: A rough map of the human genome was completed.
2001: Kinney Drugs implemented the ScriptPro Robotic Dispensing Unit in both the Potsdam and Ogdensburg pharmacy departments.
June 2001: Kinney Drugs celebrated the 10th anniversary of the Children's Charity Event. Kinney Drugs partnered with the Thompson Park Conservancy on the Zoo Education Program.
2002: Craig C. Painter named Kinney President.
June 2002: The Kinney Drugs Foundation, Inc. was formed.
2005: Bridget-Ann Hart named President and Chief Operating Officer.
2008: Kinney Drugs becomes a fully sanctioned "ESOP" - Employee Stock Ownership Plan company.

